

## Whole School English Overview — Speaking, Listening and Reading



	EYFS	Key Stage I		Key Stage 2				
		Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Spoken Word	Pupils should be taught	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught	Pupils should be taught to:				
	to:	<ul> <li>listen and respond</li> </ul>	to:	to:	to:	to:	<ul> <li>listen and respond</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>listen attentively</li> </ul>	appropriately to adults and	<ul> <li>listen and respond</li> </ul>	appropriately to adults and				
	and respond to what they	their peers	appropriately to adults	appropriately to adults	appropriately to adults	appropriately to adults	their peers	
	hear with relevant	<ul> <li>ask relevant questions to</li> </ul>	and their peers	and their peers	and their peers	and their peers	<ul> <li>ask relevant questions to</li> </ul>	
	questions comments and	extend their understanding	<ul> <li>ask relevant questions</li> </ul>	extend their understanding				
	actions when being read	and knowledge	to extend their	to extend their	to extend their	to extend their	and knowledge	
	to and during whole class	<ul> <li>use relevant strategies to</li> </ul>	understanding and	understanding and	understanding and	understanding and	<ul> <li>use relevant strategies to</li> </ul>	
	discussions and small	build their vocabulary	knowledge	knowledge	knowledge	knowledge	build their vocabulary	
	group interactions	<ul> <li>articulate and justify</li> </ul>	• use relevant strategies	• use relevant	• use relevant	• use relevant strategies	<ul> <li>articulate and justify</li> </ul>	
	• make comments about	answers, arguments and	to build their vocabulary	strategies to build their	strategies to build their	to build their vocabulary	answers, arguments and	
	what they have heard	opinions	<ul> <li>articulate and justify</li> </ul>	vocabulary	vocabulary	<ul> <li>articulate and justify</li> </ul>	opinions	
	and ask questions to	• give well-structured	answers, arguments and	<ul> <li>articulate and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>articulate and</li> </ul>	answers, arguments and	• give well-structured	
	darify their	descriptions, explanations	opinions • give well-	justify answers,	justify answers,	opinions	descriptions, explanations	
	understanding	and narratives for	structured descriptions,	arguments and opinions	arguments and opinions	• give well-structured	and narratives for	
	<ul> <li>hold conversation when</li> </ul>	different purposes,	explanations and	<ul> <li>give well-structured</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>give well-structured</li> </ul>	descriptions, explanations	different purposes,	
	engaged in back-andforth	including for expressing	narratives for different	descriptions,	descriptions,	and narratives for	including for expressing	
	exchanges with their	feelings	purposes, including for	explanations and	explanations and	different purposes,	feelings	
	teacher and peers	<ul> <li>maintain attention and</li> </ul>	expressing feelings	narratives for	narratives for	including for expressing	<ul> <li>maintain attention and</li> </ul>	
		participate actively in	<ul> <li>maintain attention and</li> </ul>	different purposes,	different purposes,	feelings	participate actively in	
		collaborative conversations,	participate actively in	including for expressing	including for expressing	<ul> <li>maintain attention and</li> </ul>	collaborative conversations,	
		staying on topic and	collaborative	feelings	feelings	participate actively in	staying on topic and	
		initiating and responding to	conversations, staying on	• maintain attention	• maintain attention	collaborative	initiating and responding to	
		comments	topic and initiating and	and participate actively	and participate actively	conversations, staying on	comments	
		• use spoken language to	responding to comments	in collaborative	in collaborative	topic and initiating and	• use spoken language to	
		develop understanding	• use spoken language to	conversations, staying	conversations, staying	responding to comments	develop understanding	
		through speculating,	develop understanding	on topic and initiating	on topic and initiating	• use spoken language to	• through speculating,	
		hypothesising, imagining	through speculating,	and responding to	and responding to	develop understanding	hypothesising, imagining and	
		and exploring ideas	hypothesising, imagining	comments	comments	• through speculating,	exploring ideas	
		• speak audibly and	and exploring ideas	• use spoken language	• use spoken language	hypothesising, imagining	• speak audibly and	
		fluently with an increasing	• speak audibly and	to develop understanding	to develop understanding	and exploring ideas	fluently with an increasing	
		command of Standard	fluently with an	9		• speak audibly and	command of Standard	
		English • participate in	increasing command of	• through speculating,	• through speculating,	fluently with an	English .	
		discussions, presentations,	Standard English	hypothesising, imagining	hypothesising, imagining	increasing command of	• participate in discussions,	
				and exploring ideas	and exploring ideas	Standard English	presentations, performances,	

		performances, role play, improvisations and debates  • gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)  • consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others  • select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.	<ul> <li>participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates</li> <li>gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)</li> <li>consider and evaluate different viewpoint s, attending to and building on the contributions of others</li> <li>select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.</li> </ul>	• speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English • participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates • gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) • consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others • select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.	• speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English • participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates • gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) • consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others • select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.	• participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates • gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) • consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others • select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.	role play, improvisations and debates  • gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)  • consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others  • select and use appropriate registers for effective communication
Word Reading	Pupils should be taught to:  • say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs • read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending • read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge,	Pupils should be taught to:  • apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words  • respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes  • read accurately by blending sounds in	Pupils should be taught to:  • continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent  • read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far,	Pupils should be taught to:  Pupils should be taught to: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix I, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet	Pupils should be taught to:  • Pupils should be taught to: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix I, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet	Pupils should be taught to: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix I, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.	Pupils should be taught to: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix I, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.

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including some common	unfamiliar words	especially recognising	• read further	<ul> <li>read further</li> </ul>	
exception words.	containing GPCs that have	alternative sounds for	exception words, noting	exception words, noting	
	been taught	graphemes	the unusual	the unusual	
	• read common exception	• read accurately words	correspondences between	correspondences between	
	words, noting unusual	of two or more syllables	spelling and sound, and	spelling and sound, and	
	correspondences between	that contain the same	where these occur in	where these occur in	
	spelling and sound and	graphemes as above	the word.	the word.	
	where these occur in the	• read words containing	tite word.	tite word.	
	word				
		common suffixes			
	• read words containing	• read further common			
	taught GPCs and -s, -es,	exception words, noting			
	– ing, –ed, –er and – est	unusual correspondences			
	endings	between spelling and			
	<ul> <li>read other words of</li> </ul>	sound and where these			
	more than one syllable that	occur in the word			
	contain taught GPCs.	<ul> <li>read most words</li> </ul>			
		quickly and accurately,			
		without overt sounding			
		and blending, when they			
		have been frequently			
		encountered			
		• read aloud books closely			
		matched to their			
		improving phonic			
		knowledge, sounding out			
		un familiar words			
		accurately, automatically			
		and without undue			
		hesitation			
		• re -read these books to			
		build up their fluency			
		and confidence in word			
		reading.			

## Comprehension

- Pupils should be taught
- demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;
- anticipate where appropriate — key events in stories
- use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during roleplay

- develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

Pupils should be taught to:

- listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and nonfiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences
- becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics
- recognising and joining in with predictable phrases
- learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart
- discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:
- drawing on what they already know or on background information

- Pupils should be taught
- develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:
- listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and nonfiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related
- becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales
- being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways
- recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry
- discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary discussing

- Pupils should be taught
- develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:
- listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books or textbooks
- reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read
- increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally
- identifying themes and conventions
- in a wide range of books preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action discussing words

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- Pupils should be taught
- maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read
- continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books or textbooks
- reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- ullet increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions recommending books that they
- have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
- making comparisons within and across books

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- maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:
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- have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
- making comparisons within and across books
- learning a wider range of poetry by heart
- preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to

- and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- discussing the significance of the title and events
- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- participate in discussion about what is read to them.
- taking turns and listening to what others say
- explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.

- their favourite words and phrases
- continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear
- understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:
- drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- answering and asking questions
- predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for

- and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination
- recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]
- understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:
- checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context
- asking questions to improve their understanding of a text
- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- identifying main ideas drawn from more than one

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- identifying main ideas drawn from more than one

- learning a wider range of poetry by heart
- preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience understand what they read by:
- checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- asking questions to improve their understanding
- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas

- perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience understand what they read by:
- checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- asking questions to improve their understanding
- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader

and listening to what others say  • explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.	summarising these  identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning retrieve and record information from non—fiction  participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.	summarising these  • identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning retrieve and record information from non — fiction  • participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.	language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning  • discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader  • distinguish between statements of fact and opinion  • retrieve, record and present information from non —fiction  • participate in	statements of fact and opinion  retrieve, record and present information from non —fiction  participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously  explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal
	• participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what	• participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what	the reader  • distinguish between statements of fact and opinion  • retrieve, record and present information from non —fiction	read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously • explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including